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Advanced JavaScript

BEYOND THE CURLY BRACES

WHOIS

About Sergio



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AGENDA

JavaScript trivia

- What, when, who, where

Drive-by shooting

- Data types, functions, DOM, XMLHttpRequest

Gotchas for C# programmers

Idiomatic JavaScript

~~Objects and inheritance~~

Coding conventions and pitfalls



ADVANCED JAVASCRIPT

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BUT FIRST THE BASICS

JavaScript history (fear not, it's short)

Data types

The Browser DOM is not JavaScript

XMLHttpRequest is not JavaScript

Common mistakes for C# folk



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Once upon a time...

- ✘ 1995: Mocha, LiveScript, JavaScript (Netscape)
- ✘ 1995: NS Navigator 2.0 (Java + JavaScript)
- ✘ 1995: Confusion started
- ✘ 1996: MS IE 3.0 calls it JScript (not quite the same)
- ✘ 1997: ECMA-262, ECMAScript

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World's Most Misunderstood Language

- ✘ The Name
- ✘ Mispositioning
- ✘ Design Errors
- ✘ Bad Implementations
- ✘ The Browser
- ✘ Bad Books
- ✘ Substandard Standard
- ✘ JavaScript is a Functional Language

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But The Truth Is

- ✘ JavaScript is not a toy
- ✘ Solves real problems as a real language
- ✘ Quite fancy sometimes
- ✘ Not freaking Java (or C#), OK?

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JavaScript in a Snapshot

- ✘ Dynamic
- ✘ Objects: glorified containers
- ✘ Prototypal inheritance
- ✘ Textual delivery
- ✘ Lambdas
- ✘ Global variables tie it all



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Data Types

Primitive Types (value types)

Null
(null)

Undefined
(undefined)

Boolean
(true, false)

String

Number

Objects (reference types)

Object

Array

Date

Math

Errors...

Boolean

Function

Reg. Expression
(RegExp)

Global

String

Number

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Null
(null)

```
var name = "Homer";  
var hairColor = null;
```

Undefined
(undefined)

Default value for variables, parameters,
and missing object properties

```
var city = "Springfield";  
var state;
```



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Boolean
(true, false)

```
var firstTime = true;  
var found = false;
```

String

```
var firstName = "Selma";  
var lastName = 'Bouvier';
```

Number
(IEEE-754, 64-bit, Double)

```
//integer literals  
var age = 26;  
var temperature = -8;  
var permission = 0775; //509  
var flags = 0x1c; //28  
  
//Double prec. literals  
var height = 6.15;  
var factor = 5.73e-1; //0.573  
//NaN  
var what = "x"/3; //NaN
```

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Array

```
var names = new Array();
names[0] = 'Steve';
names[1] = 'Chuck';
names[names.length] = 'Jeff';
names.push('Jason');
var names = [ ];
//repeat as above..

//or, preferred
var names = ['Steve', 'Chuck',
             'Jeff', 'Jason'];
```

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Date

```
var today = new Date();

//milliseconds since 1/1/1970
var d = new Date(1234);

//explicit
var xmas = new Date(2008, 11, 25);

//parsing, locale-dependent, avoid
var xmas = new Date(Date.parse('12/25/2008'));
```

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RegExp

```
var patt1 = new RegExp( '\\d{2}$' );  
var patt2 = /\d{2}$/;  
var patt3 = new RegExp( '\\d{2}$', 'gi' );  
var patt4 = /\d{2}$/gi;  
  
alert(patt1.test('abc78')); // → true  
  
'12a78'.replace(/\d{2}$/, 'XYZ'); //→ '12aXYZ'  
'a1b2c7d8e'.split(/\d/); //→ ['a','b','c','d','e']
```

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Function

```
//normal declaration
function play(chord) {
    alert('playing ' + chord);
}

//normal invocation
play('Cm'); // → 'playing Cm'
```


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Function

```
//functions are data as well
function f1() {
    alert('inside f1');
}

var f2 = f1;

function run( someFunc ){
    someFunc();
}

run( f2 ); // → 'inside f1'
```

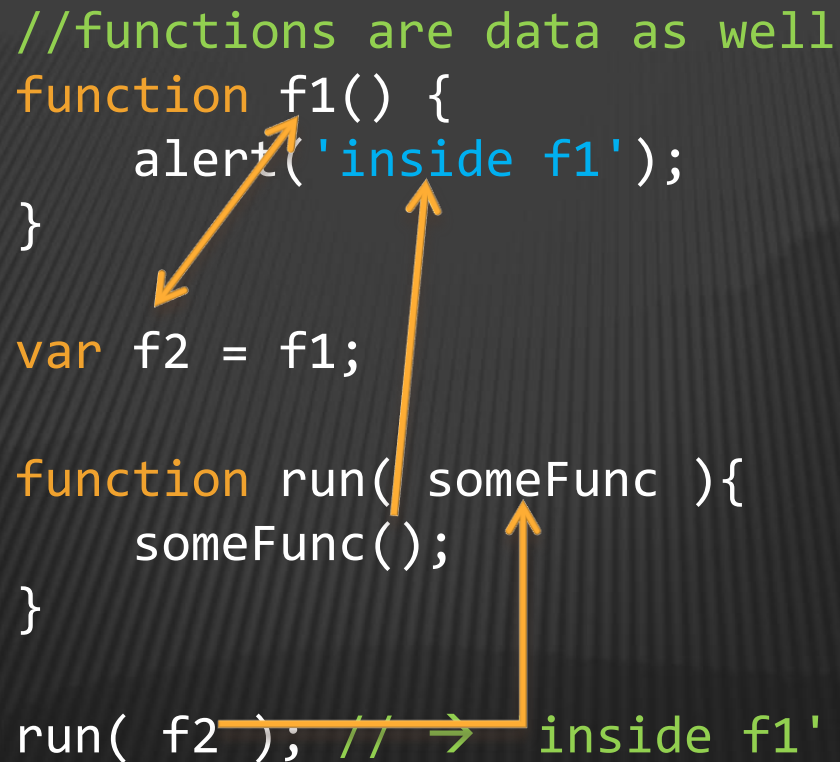
ADVANCED JAVASCRIPT

Function

```
//functions are data as well
function f1() {
  alert('inside f1');
}
var f2 = f1;

function run( someFunc ){
  someFunc();
}

run( f2 ); // → inside f1'
```

The diagram illustrates the execution flow of the provided JavaScript code. It features a dark background with light-colored text. Three orange arrows originate from the code: one from the 'f1' parameter in the 'run' function call, one from the 'f2' variable in the 'run' function call, and one from the 'someFunc' parameter in the 'run' function definition. These arrows point to the 'inside f1' string in the 'run' function call, the 'f1' parameter in the 'run' function definition, and the 'alert' function call inside the 'f1' function definition, respectively. This visualizes how the 'run' function receives 'f2' as an argument, which is then passed to 'someFunc', which in turn calls 'f1', leading to the 'inside f1' alert.

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Function

```
//functions don't need a name
function run( someFunc ){
    someFunc();
}

run(function () {
    alert('inside function');
}); // → 'inside function'
```

ADVANCED JAVASCRIPT

Function

```
//functions don't need a name
function run( someFunc ){
    someFunc();
}

run( function () {
    alert('inside function');
}
); // → 'inside function'
```

ADVANCED JAVASCRIPT

Function

```
//parameter lists are optional
function concat(){
    var res = '';
    for (var i=0; i<arguments.length; i++) {
        res += arguments[i];
    }
    return res;
}

alert( concat(123, 'abc', [7, 8, 9]) );
// → '123abc7,8,9'
```

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Function

```
//can be nested
function prettyPrint(value, currency, rate){
    function formatCurr(num) {
        return num + ' ' + currency;
    }
    function convert() {
        return rate * value;
    }
    var converted = convert(value);
    var text = formatCurr(converted);
    alert(text);
}
prettyPrint(10.5, 'EUR', 0.797); // → 8.3685 EUR
```

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Function

```
//single-use, pinned functions  
(function (someParameter){  
    //do something  
    // ...  
})(someArgument);
```

Invocation!

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Invocation and the problem with `this`

```
function func(arg1, arg2){
    return [this, arg1, arg2];
}
func(123, 456); // → [window, 123, 456]

var car = new Object();
car.start = func;
car.start('now', 9); // → [car, 'now', 9]

func.apply(car, ['p1', 'p2']); // → [car, 'p1', 'p2']
func.call(car, 'p1', 'p2'); // → [car, 'p1', 'p2']
```


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Inner functions and `this`

```
function calculateTotal(){
  function getTax(){
    return this.price * this.tax;
  }
  return this.price + getTax() +
    this.shippingCost;
}
var order = new Object();
order.price = 10.25;
order.tax = 0.07;
order.shippingCost = 5;
order.getTotal = calculateTotal;
order.getTotal();
```

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Inner functions and `this` (the fix)

```
function calculateTotal(){
  var that = this; // ← very common
  function getTax(){
    return that.price * that.tax;
  }
  return this.price + getTax() +
    this.shippingCost;
}
var order = new Object();
order.price = 10.25;
order.tax = 0.07;
order.shippingCost = 5;
order.getTotal = calculateTotal;
order.getTotal();
```

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Closures

```
function createFuncArray() {
  var funcs = [ ];

  for (var n=0; n<10; n++) {
    funcs[n] = function () {
      alert('The number is ' + n);
    };
  }
  return funcs;
}

var allFunctions = createFuncArray();
var show = allFunctions[6];
show();// → Can you guess?
```

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Other Function-related gotchas

- ✘ Variables are scoped by function, not block.
- ✘ No overloading, last one wins. Use default values.
- ✘ arguments and this not passed to inner functions.

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Object

```
//Explicit assembly  
var guitar = new Object();  
guitar.stringCount = 6;  
guitar.make = 'Gibson';  
guitar.model = 'Les Paul';  
alert(guitar.make); // → 'Gibson'
```

ADVANCED JAVASCRIPT

Object

```
//factory function
function createGuitar(strings, make, model){
  var guitar = new Object();
  guitar.stringCount = strings;
  guitar.make = make;
  guitar.model = model;
  return guitar;
}
var g = createGuitar(6, 'Gibson', 'Les Paul');
alert(g.make); // → 'Gibson'
```

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Object

```
//Object literal notation
var emptyObject = {};

var guitar = {
  stringCount: 6,
  make: 'Gibson',
  model: 'Les Paul'
}; // ← don't forget the ';'
//or
var guitar = {
  'stringCount': 6,
  'make': 'Gibson',
  'model': 'Les Paul'
};
```

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Object

```
//notation for methods
var guitar = {
  stringCount: 6,
  make: 'Gibson',
  model: 'Les Paul',
  play: function (chord) {
    alert(chord + ' from a ' + this.model);
  }
};
guitar.play('C#'); // → 'C# from a Les Paul'
```


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Object

Wait, was that JSON? Not exactly.

```
//JSON (see http://www.json.org/ )
var guitarJson = "{ " +
    " 'stringCount': 6, " +
    " 'make': 'Gibson', " +
    " 'colors': [ 'black', 'white', 'red'], " +
    " 'model': 'Les Paul' " +
    "} ";
```

JSON is basically a collection of name:value pairs.

- name is a **string** literal
- value can be: a **string**, a **number**, **null**, **true**, **false**, an **array**, or another JSON **object** literal.

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Object

```
//constructor function
function Guitar(strings, make, model){
  this.stringCount = strings;
  this.make = make;
  this.model = model;
  this.play = function (chord) {
    alert(chord + ' from a ' + this.model);
  };
}
var g = new Guitar(6, 'Gibson', 'Les Paul');
g.play('C#'); // → 'C# from a Les Paul'
```

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Member access notations

```
//good 'ole dot notation
guitar.model = 'Gibson';
var p = guitar.price;

//indexer notation
guitar['model'] = 'Gibson';
guitar['play']('C#');
```

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What about document, window, etc?

- ✗ Not JavaScript.
- ✗ Part of the DOM.
- ✗ Provided by the hosting environment.
- ✗ Like the DTE in VS macros and other objects in Office automation.

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What about XMLHttpRequest (xhr) ?

- ✘ Not JavaScript.
- ✘ Not even part of the DOM.
- ✘ Provided by the hosting environment.

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Identifiers

- ✘ Start with a letter, _ or \$ followed by more of these and numbers.
- ✘ Convention: start variables and functions with lower case.
- ✘ Convention: start constructors with upper case.
- ✘ Avoid starting with _ or \$

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Reserved Words

abstract boolean **break** byte **case catch** char class
const **continue** debugger **default delete do** double
else enum export extends **false** final **finally** float
for function goto **if** implements import **in**
instanceof int interface long native **new null**
package private protected public **return** short
static super **switch** synchronized **this throw** throws
transient **true try typeof var** volatile **void**
while with

```
// Bug in the language
driversLicense.class = 'B'; // → invalid!
driversLicense['class'] = 'B'; // → huzzah!
```

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JavaScript Idioms: Truthy & Falsy

```
//Falsy values
var f[1] = false; // D'oh!
var f[2] = null;
var f[3] = undefined;
var f[4] = 0;
var f[5] = "";
var f[6] = NaN;

if( f[X] ){
    // never gets here
}
```

```
//Truthy values
var t[1] = true;
var t[2] = new Object();
var t[3] = "1";
var t[4] = "0"; // ← !!
var t[5] = "false"; // ← !!

if( t[X] ){
    // gets here always
}
```


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JavaScript Idioms: || Default operator

```
//returns the first Truthy or last operand.  
//e.g.: overriding missing arguments  
var sortOrder;  
if (arg) {  
    sortOrder = arg;  
} else {  
    sortOrder = 'Name ASC';  
}  
  
//same as  
var sortOrder = arg || 'Name ASC';
```

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JavaScript Idioms: && Guard operator

```
//returns the first Falsy or last operand.  
// e.g.: avoiding null reference errors  
var obj2;  
if (obj1) {  
    obj2 = obj1.prop;  
} else {  
    obj2 = obj1;  
}  
  
//same as  
var obj2 = obj1 && obj1.prop;
```

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JavaScript Idioms: === and !==

```
if (0 == "") {  
    alert('Hey, I did not expect to see this.');//displayed  
}  
if (0 === "") {  
    alert('This will not be displayed.');//not displayed  
}  
  
if (1 != true) {  
    alert('Hey, I expected to see this.');//not displayed  
}  
if (1 !== true) {  
    alert('This will be displayed.');//displayed  
}
```

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JavaScript Idioms: Namespaces

```
var ACME = {  
  version: '7.1',  
  formatCurrency: function(num){ /* ... */ },  
  //...  
};  
  
ACME.Ajax = {  
  ajaxifyForm: function(formId){ /* ... */ },  
  showError: function(){ /* ... */ },  
  //...  
};  
  
ACME.Ajax.ajaxifyForm('myForm');
```

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Coding convention: Always use curly braces

```
if (something)  
  doSomething();  
  doSomethingElse();
```

```
if (something){  
  doSomething();  
}  
doSomethingElse();
```

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Coding convention: Always end lines with punctuation

```
return  
  tax + shipping + price;
```



Parsed as

```
return; ←  
  tax + shipping + price;
```

```
return tax +  
  shipping + price;
```

```
var amount = tax  
  + shipping  
  + price;
```

```
var amount = tax +  
  shipping +  
  price;
```

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Coding convention: Globals

- ✘ Avoid them.
- ✘ Tend to clobber each other.
- ✘ Namespaces are OK.
- ✘ Name them with ALL_CAPS

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Coding convention: `eval()` is evil

```
var p = eval('obj.' + propertyName);  
var p = obj[ propertyName ];  
  
//hidden evals  
setTimeout("alert('Time is up!');", 9000);  
setTimeout( function () {alert('Time is up');}, 9000);  
var func = new Function('p1', 'p2', 'return p1+p2;');
```


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Coding convention: Declare variables at the top of function

```
function f1(){  
    var a, b, c;  
    a = getA();  
    if (a) {  
        b = calcB(a);  
    } else {  
        c = getC();  
        b = calcB(c);  
    }  
}
```

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Coding convention:

Do not use assignments as expressions

```
if ( flag = getFlag() ) {  
    alert(flag);  
}
```

```
//prefer:  
var flag = getFlag();  
if (flag) {  
    alert(flag);  
}
```

QUESTIONS ?



REFERENCE

- ✘ JavaScript: The Good Parts by *Douglas Crockford*.
- ✘ JavaScript: The Definitive Guide by *David Flanagan*.
- ✘ Videos: Search for *Douglas Crockford*.
- ✘ Shameless plug: *my blog*, JavaScript category.



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